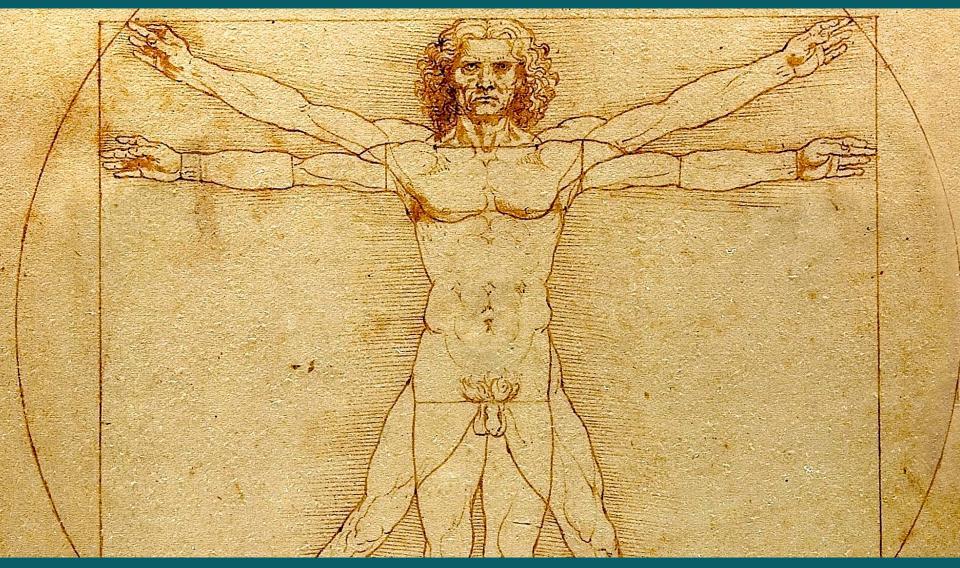
Men's Health: from the Prostate to the Brain









Men's Health: From the Prostate...

Michael E. Cox, PhD

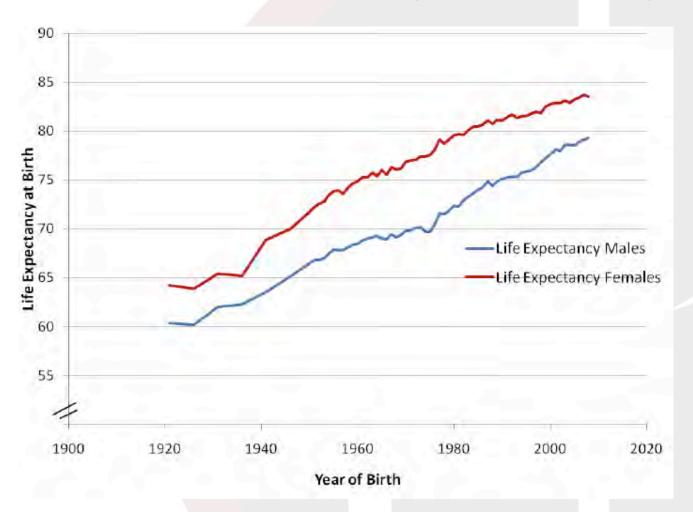
Dept. Urologic Sciences, University of British Columbia

The Vancouver Prostate Centre, Vancouver Coastal Health Research Institute





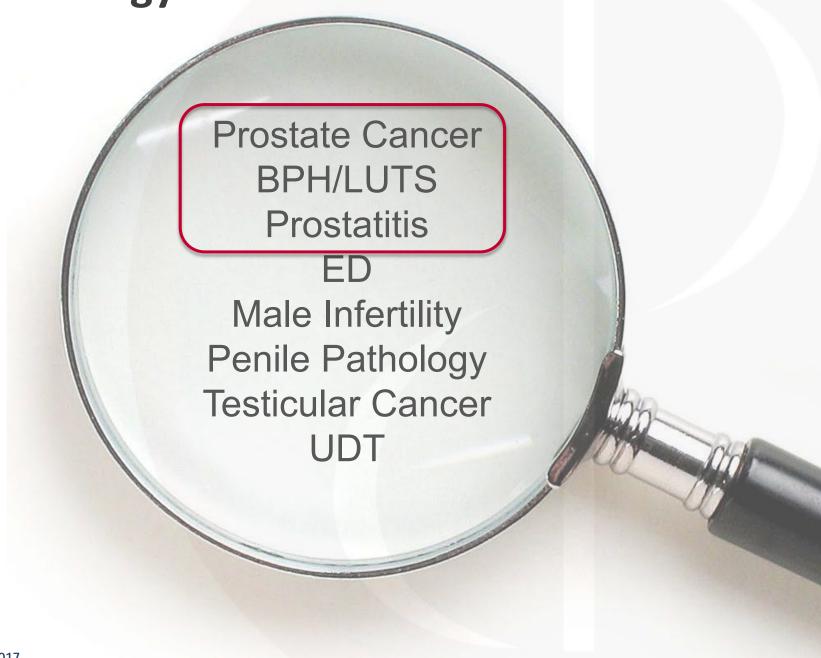
The Life Expectancy Discrepancy



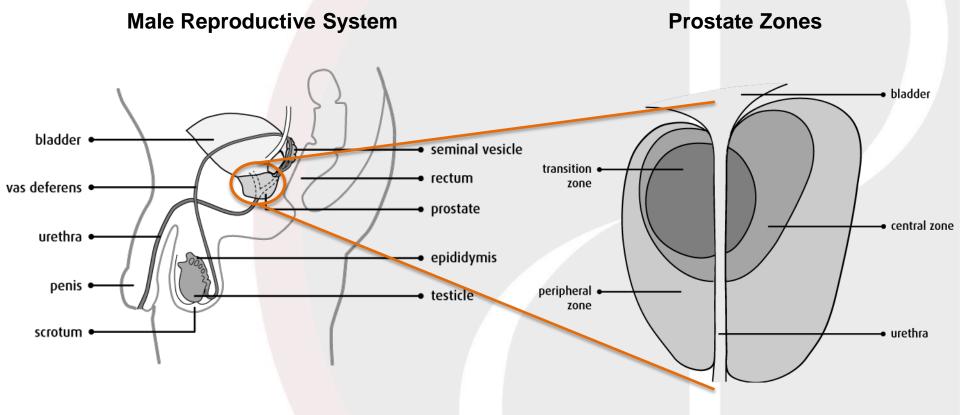
Canadian Men are:

79% more likely to die from heart disease, 57% more likely to die from type 2 diabetes 40% more likely to die from cancer 4 times more likely to commit suicide.

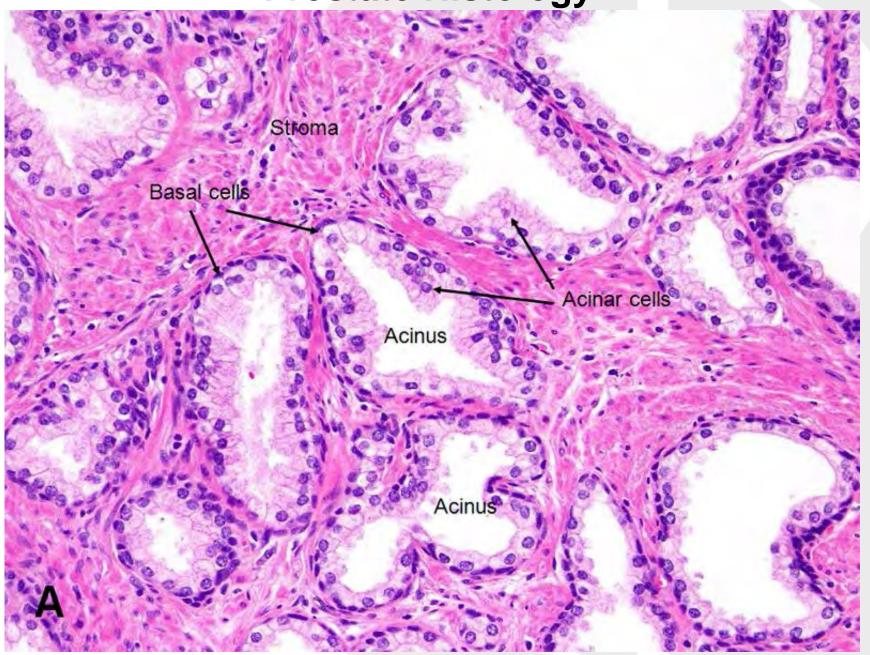
Urology: a Lens into Men's Health



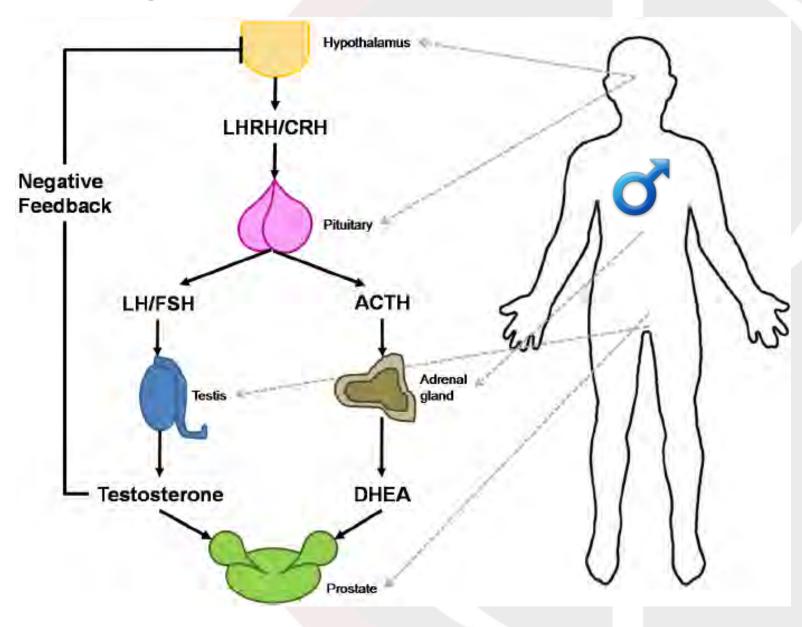
What Is The Prostate Gland?



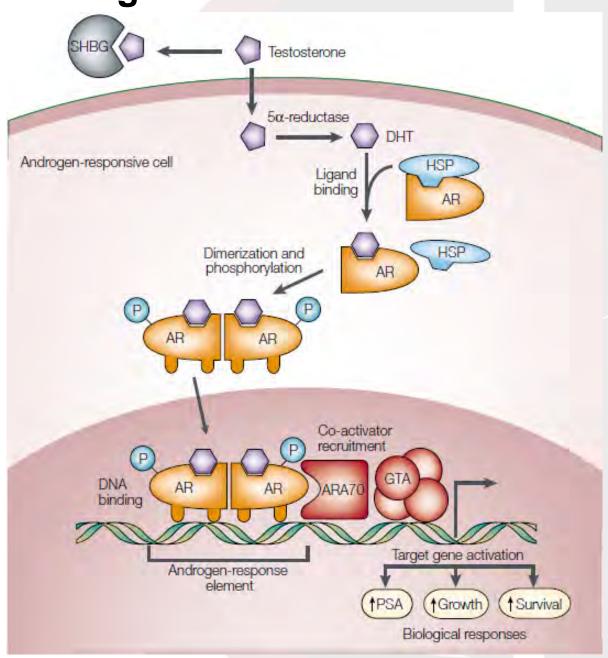
Prostate Histology

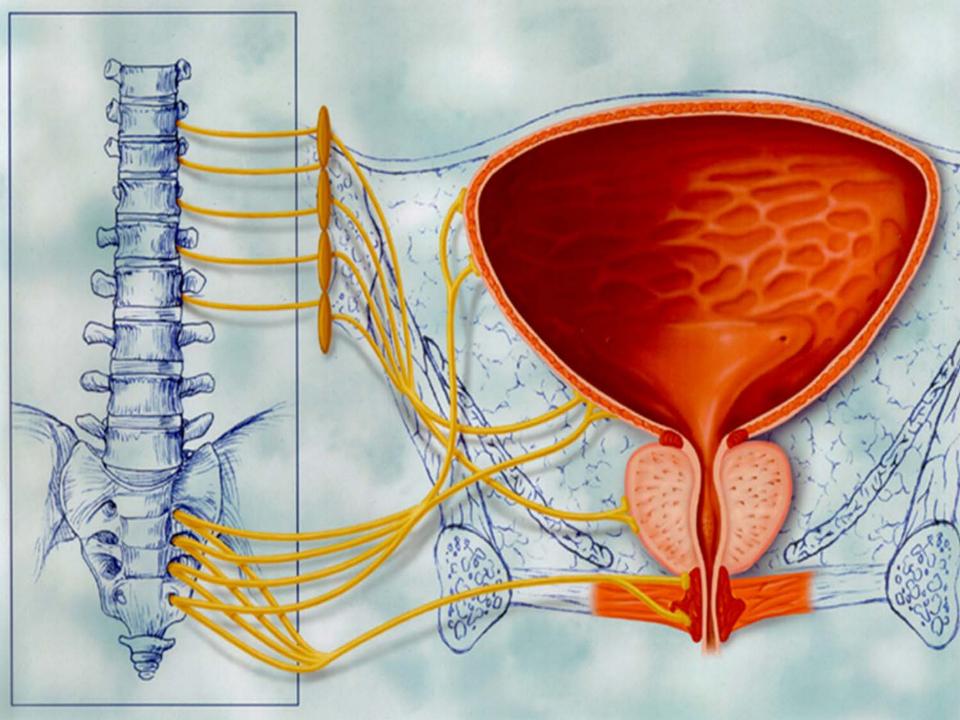


Androgens Control Prostate Development



Androgens: Mechanism of Action





The Prostate Gland & the Ageing Male: "Gram-for-gram the most diseased organ in the body"

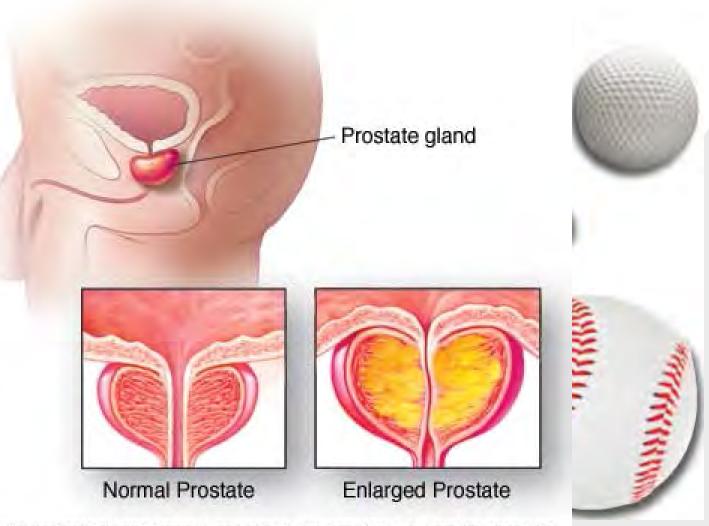
stromoglandular hyperplasia

AGE 20-3

Most healthy have a prost the size of a

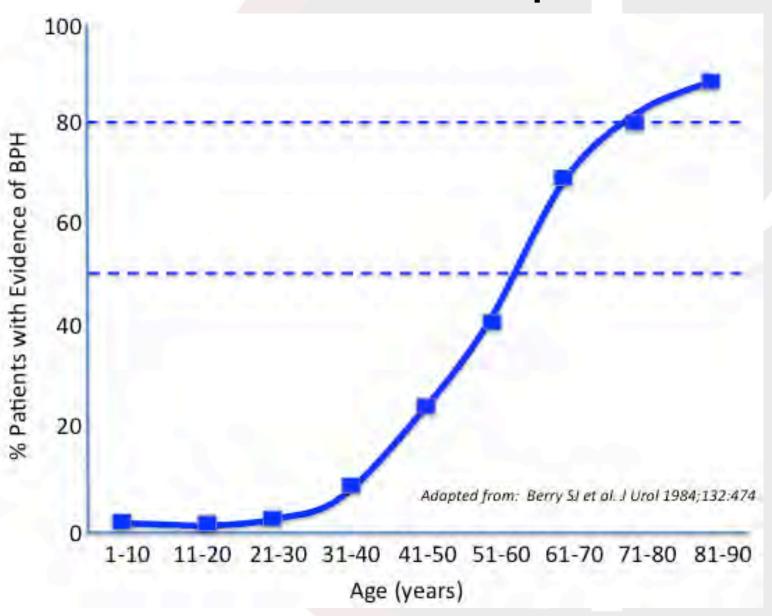
AGE 50-7

Over 50% of m affected. A swo of an orange. It increasingly PA making it difficult urinate, and set function is notic impaired.

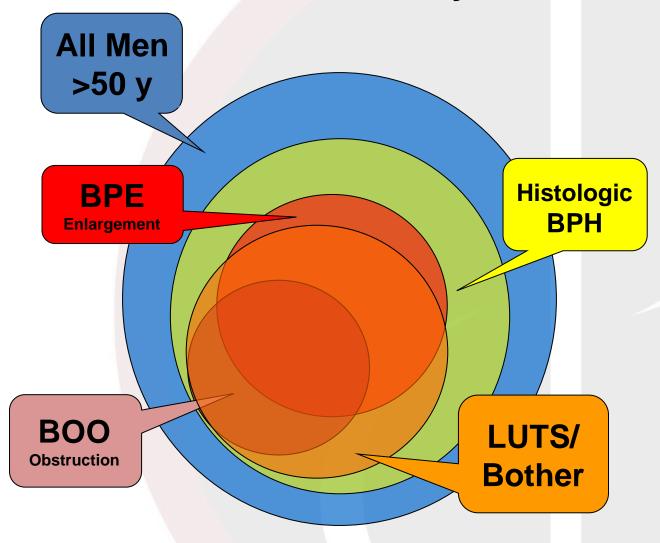


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Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia (BPH): the Most Common Neoplasia



BPH and Associated Syndromes



May be associated with

Lower Urinary Track Syndrome Benign Prostatic Enlargement Bladder Outlet Obstruction

Medical Treatments for BPH Symptoms

Pharmacology

Surgery

5α-Reductase Inhibitors:

Stop Disease Progression

Alpha-Blockers:

Rapidly Relieve Symptoms



Prostatitis: the Enigmatic Disease

Most common urologic diagnosis in men < 50, 3rd most common in men > 50.



Cat I: Acute Bacterial Prostatitis

Cat II: Chronic Bacterial Prostatitis

Cat III: Chronic Pelvic Pain Syndrome

90% Cat IIIA: Inflammatory CPPS

Cat IIIB: Non-inflammatory CPPS

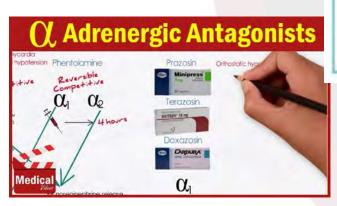
Cat IV: Asymptomatic Inflammatory Prostatitis

Prostatitis/CPPS Management

Goals:

- Target the infectious agent,
- Reduce inflammation,
- Improve urodynamics.





© ReAct Group 2015











Canadian Cancer Rates by Site

Incidence

Mortality

26.2%

13.1%

11.3%

6.3%

4.7%

3.3%

3.1%

3.0%

2.7%

2.1%

1.8%

1.8%

1.7%

1.3%

1.2%

1.0%

1.0%

0.7%

0.3%

0.2%

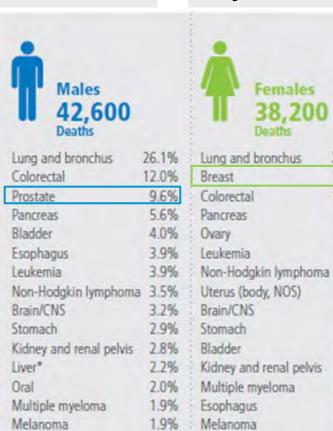
0.2%

12.8%





Prostate	20.7%	Breast	25.5%
Colorectal	14.5%	Lung and bronchus	13.8%
Lung and bronchus	14.0%	Colorectal	11.5%
Bladder	6.5%	Uterus (body, NOS)	7.1%
Non-Hodgkin lymphoma	4.5%	Thyroid	5.2%
Kidney and renal pelvis	4.1%	Non-Hodgkin lymphoma	3.6%
Melanoma	3.9%	Melanoma	3.2%
Leukemia	3.5%	Ovary	2.7%
Oral	3.1%	Pancreas	2.6%
Pancreas	2.7%	Leukemia	2.5%
Stomach	2.1%	Kidney and renal pelvis	2.3%
Liver	1.8%	Bladder	2.1%
Esophagus	1.7%	Cervix	1.5%
Brain/CNS	1.6%	Oral	1.4%
Multiple myeloma	1.6%	Brain/CNS	1.3%
Thyroid	1.6%	Stomach	1.3%
Testis	1.1%	Multiple myeloma	1.2%
Larynx	0.9%	Liver	0.6%
Hodgkin lymphoma	0.6%	Esophagus	0.5%
Breast	0.2%	Hodgkin lymphoma	0.4%
All other cancers	9.3%	Larynx	0.2%
		All other cancers	9.6%



0.8%

0.2%

0.2%

0.1%

0.1%

12.9%

Cervix

Oral

Liver*

Thyroid

Larynx

Hodgkin lymphoma All other cancers

Larynx

Thyroid

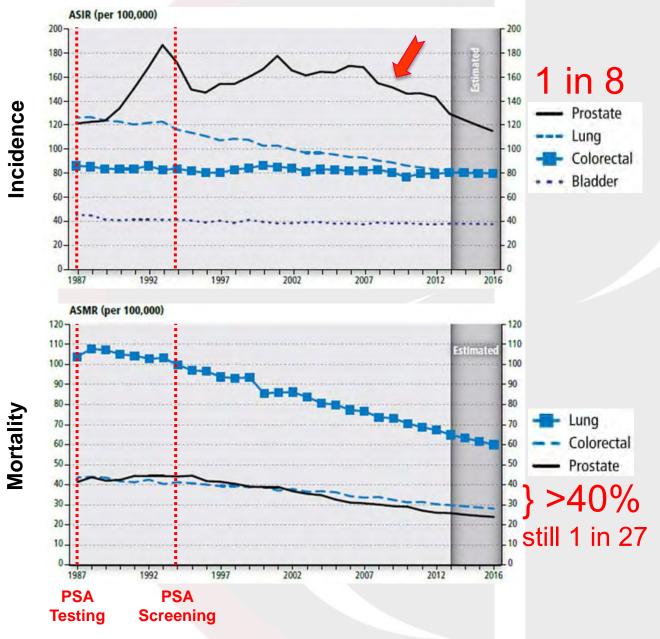
Breast

Testis

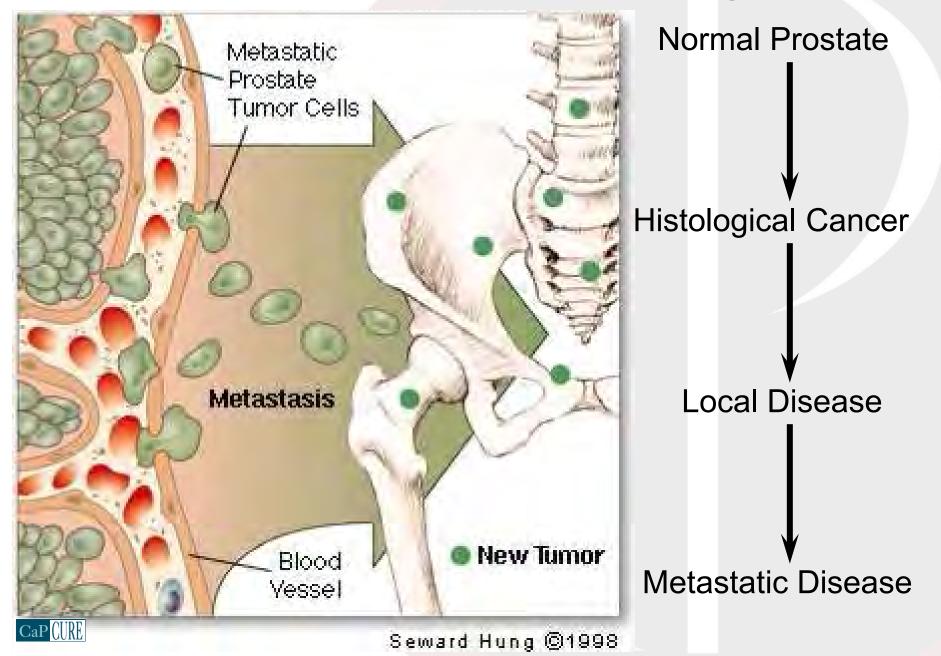
Hodgkin lymphoma

All other cancers

Male Cancer Incidence & Mortality Rates 1987-2016



Prostate Cancer Development & Progression



Risk Factors for Prostate Cancer

Unmodifiable(Beyond Your Control):

Age

Race

Family History

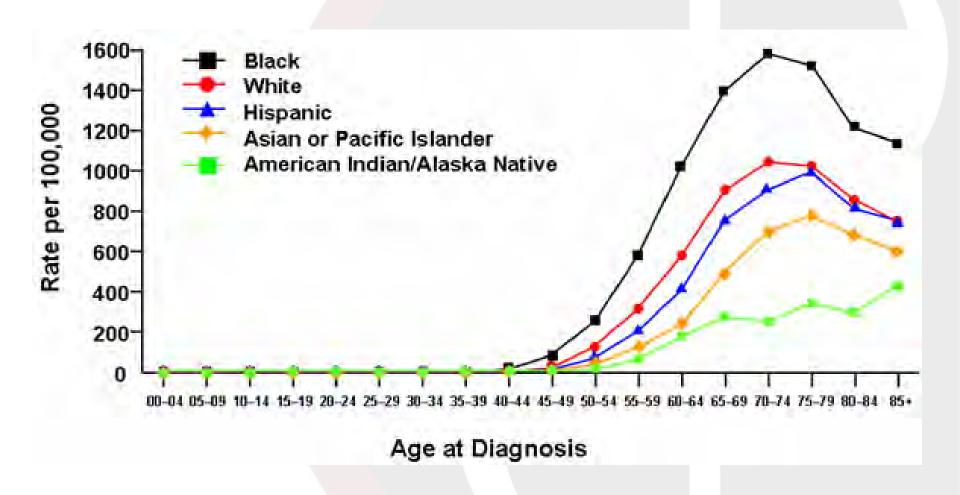
Modifiable (Lifestyle):

Geography

Diet

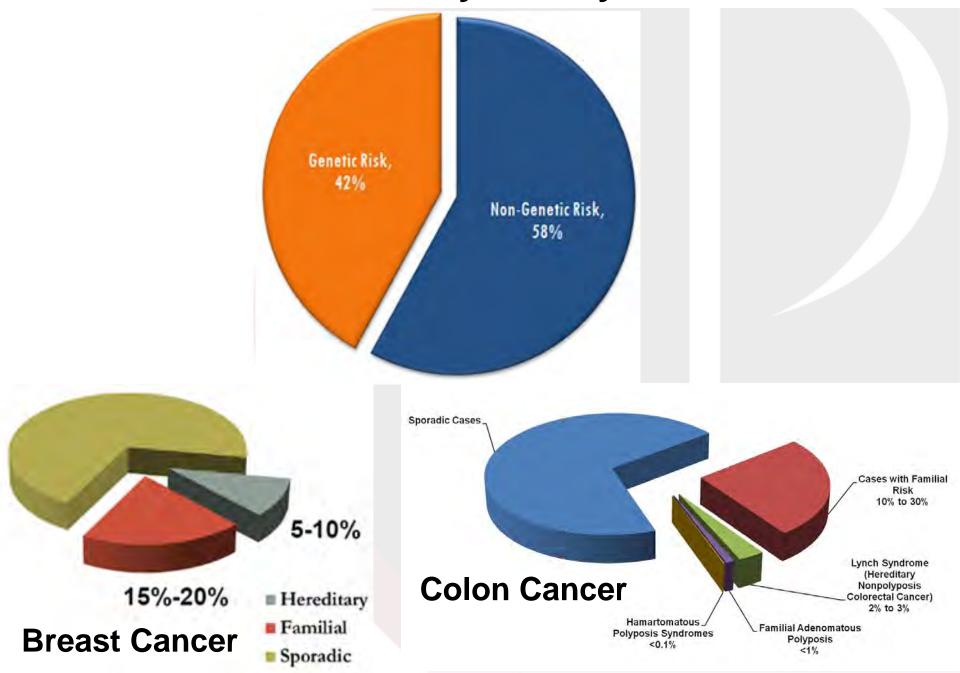
Exercise

Prostate Cancer: Risk of Diagnosis by Age & Race

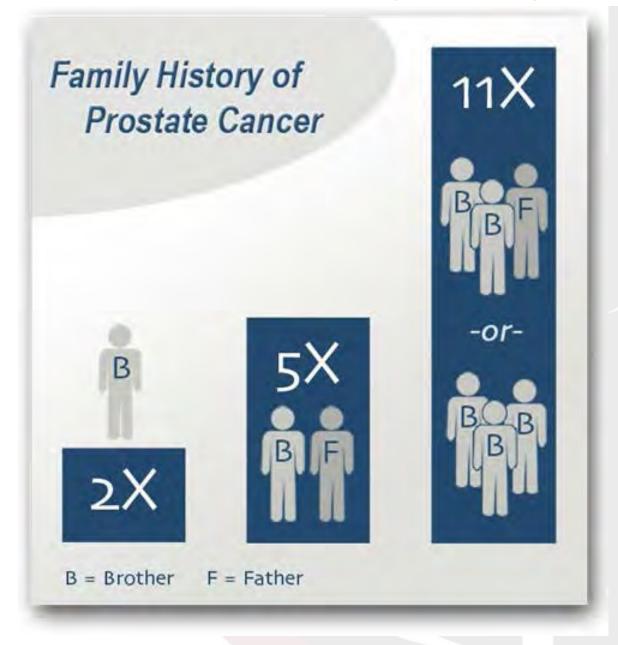


Of all cancers, PCa incidence increases most dramatically with age

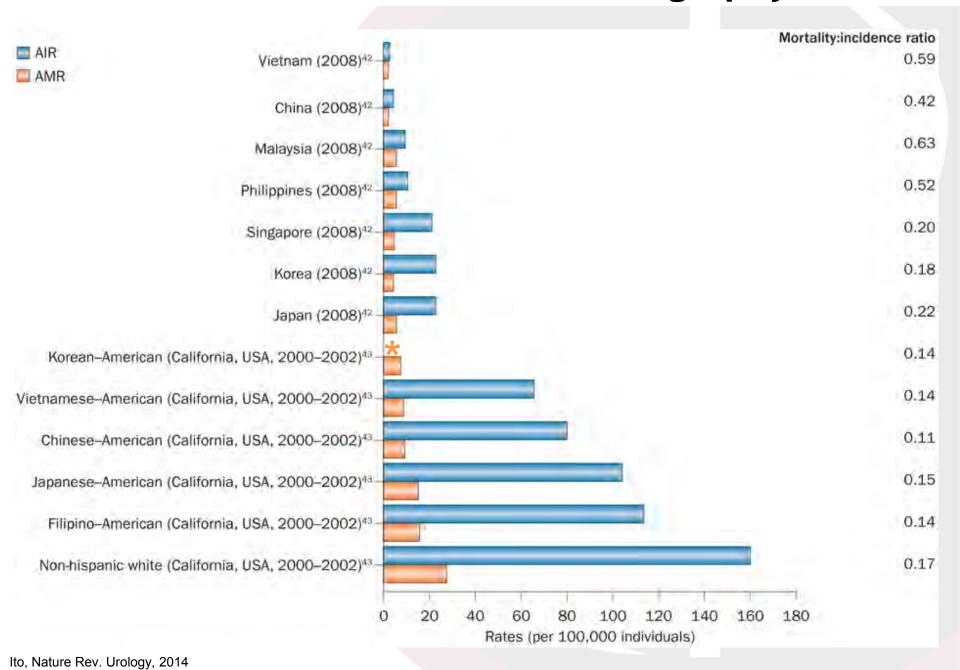
Prostate Cancer: Family History vs Environment



Prostate Cancer: Family History Risk



Prostate Cancer: Role of Geography?



Dietary Factors Impacting Prostate Cancer Risk

Table 1. Factor-loading matrix for two dietary patterns identified from postdiagnostic FFQ among men with prostate cancer (n = 926) in the PHS^a

Food group	Prudent dietary pattern	Western dietary pattern
Legumes	0.55	
Dark-yellow vegetables	0.55	9-1
Green, leafy vegetables	0.54	_
Other vegetables	0.54	
Fruit	0.51	_
Cruciferous vegetables	0.51	-
Tomatoes	0.49	0-20
Whole grains	0.44	_
Garlic	0.40	
Soy products	0.36	_
Fish	0.32	-
Oil and vinegar dressing	0.31	_
Processed meats		0.66
Red meats		0.60
Eggs	-	0.48
Snacks	-	0.46
High-fat dairy products	_	0.45
Potatoes	-	0.44
French fries	_	0.42
Butter	_	0.39
Sweets and desserts	-	0.35
Refined grains	_	0.33

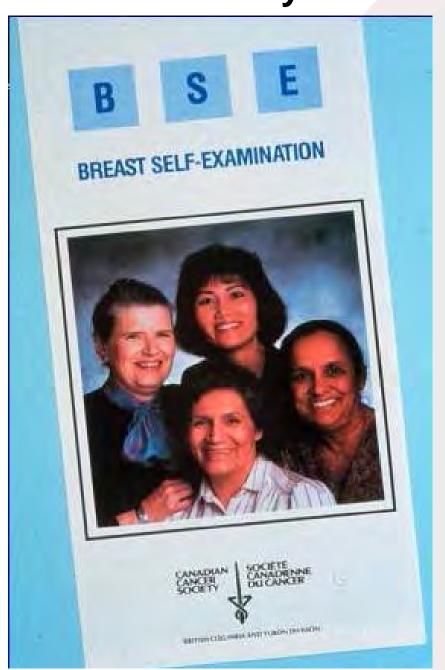
^aFood groups with loading factors less than 0.3 for both dietary patterns were not listed in the table, and included fruit juice, poultry, condiments, nuts, tea, lowfat dairy products, pizza, organ, cold breakfast cereal, wine, margarine, mayonnaise, low-energy drink, beer, coffee, high-energy drink, and liquor.

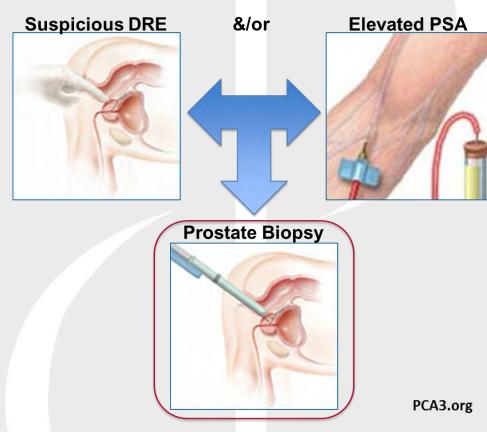
Prostate Cancer Symptoms

- Need to urinate frequently, especially at night
- Difficulty starting or holding back urination
- Weak or interrupted urine
- Painful or burning urination
- Erectile difficulties
- Painful ejaculation
- Blood in urine or semen
- Frequent pain or stiffness in the lower back, hips, or upper thighs

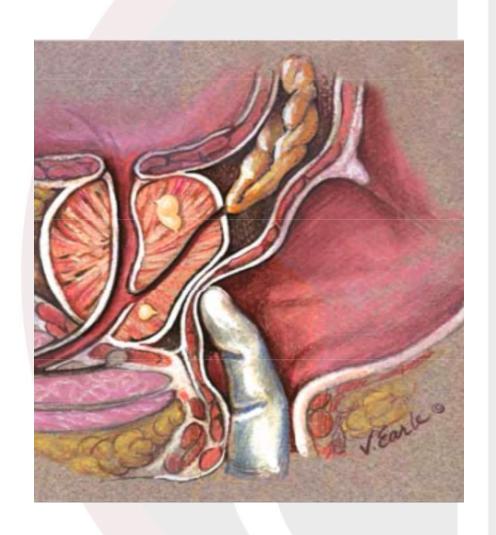
symptoms not typically helpful!

Early Detection Saves Lives!!



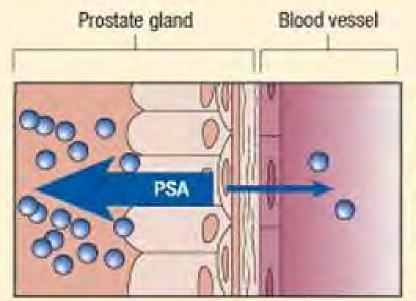


Digital Rectal Examination (DRE)



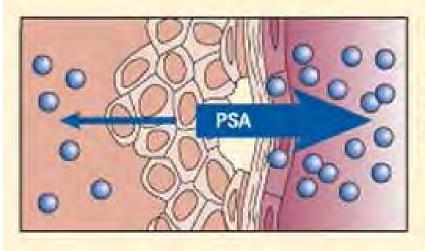
Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA)

liquefies semen and releases progressively motile sperm.



Normal

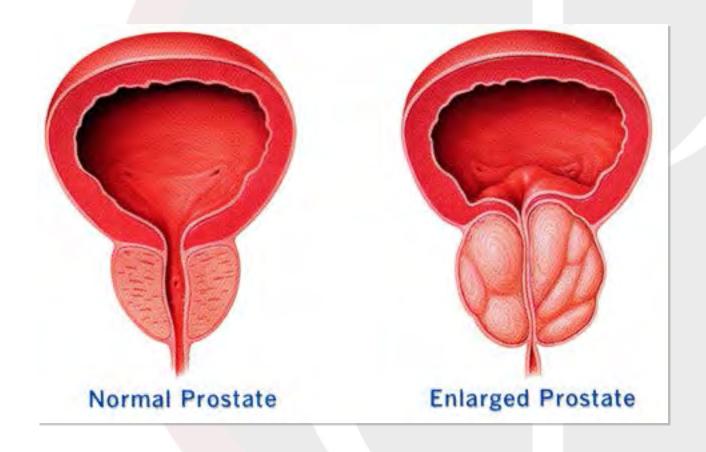
Cells in the prostate are healthy and organized in a tight pattern. Only a small amount of PSA leaks out of the prostate and gets into the bloodstream



With Prostate Cancer

Now the cells are disorganized and the layers between the prostate and blood vessel become disrupted. More PSA can leak into the blood vessel as a result

Things that can elevate serum PSA levels

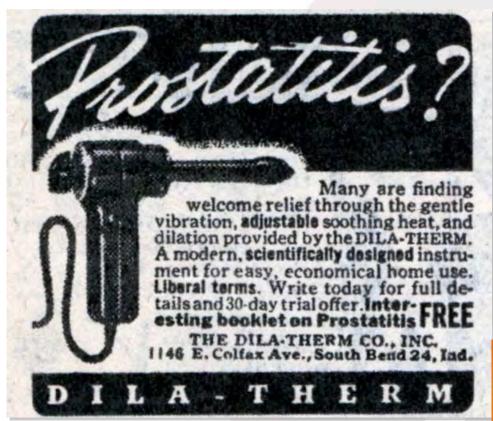


Things that can elevate serum PSA levels





Things that can elevate serum PSA levels





Use of PSA as a Tumor Marker

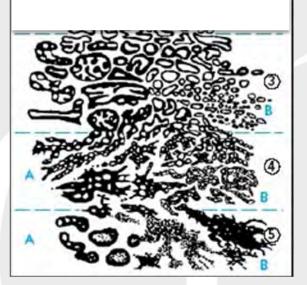
- 1. Early detection
- 2. Staging once PCa is diagnosed
- 3. Post-treatment assessment and management

TRUS-Guided Needle Biopsy Penis Prostate cancer Urethra Pubic bone Bladder Prostate Seminal vesicle Biopsy gun Rectum Ultrasound probe Areas of biopsy Base (top) Biopsy needle cores Left Right Apex (bottom)

Gleason Grading

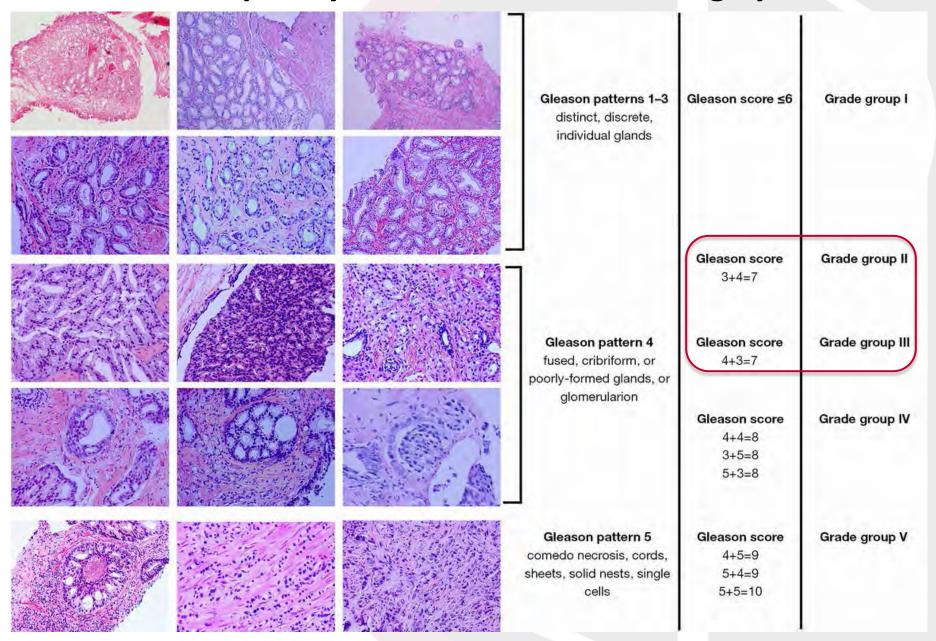
Grade	Description
Grade 1	Small, uniform glands with minimal nuclear changes
Grade 2	Medium-sized acini, still separated by stroma but more closely arranged.
Grade 3	The most common finding in prostate cancer biopsies. Marked variation in glandular size and organization, infiltration of stromal and neighboring tissues.
Grade 4	Markedly atypical cells with extensive infiltration into surrounding tissues.
Grade 5	Sheets of undifferentiated cancer cells.



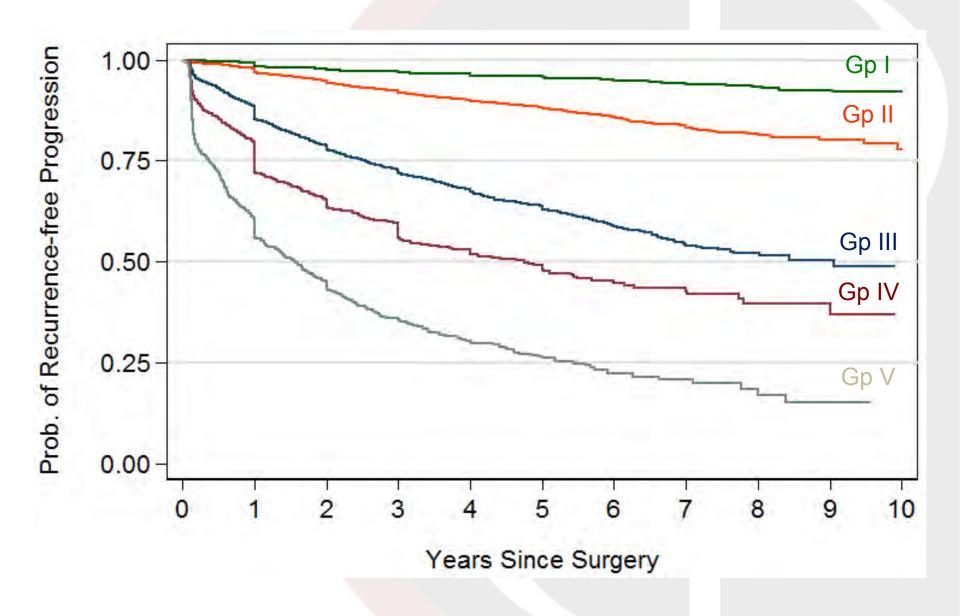


Gleason Score = most frequent grade + 2nd most frequent grade

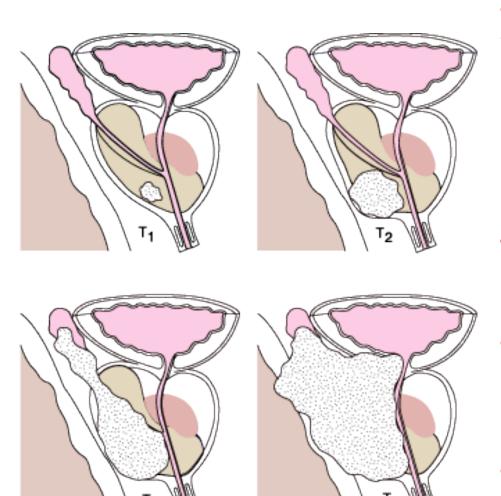
A Contemporary Prostate Cancer Grading System



A Contemporary Prostate Cancer Grading System



TNM Staging Prostate Cancer: Tumor



Tumour tissue

T₁ Clinically unapparent tumor not palpable or visible by imaging

T1a: Tumor incidental, found in ≤ 5% of resected tissue

T1b: Tumor incidental, found in >5% of resected tissue

T1c: Tumor identified by needle biopsy (because of high PSA)

T₂ Tumor confined within the prostate gland

T2a: Tumor involves one lobe
T2b: Tumor involves both lobes

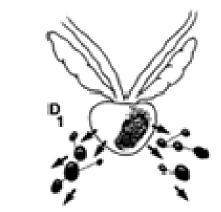
T₃ Tumor extends through prostatic capsule
T3a: Extracapsular extensions

(unilateral or bilateral)

T3b: Tumor invades seminal vesicles

T₄ Tumor invades adjacent structures other than seminal vesicles: bladder neck, external sphincter, rectum, levator muscles and/or pelvic wall

TNM Staging Prostate Cancer: Lymph Node Status



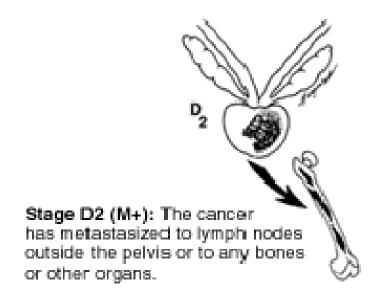
Stage D1 (N+): The cancer has metastasized to the lymph nodes (only in the pelvic area).

Nx: Regional lymph nodes have not been assessed

NO: No regional lymph node metastasis

N1: Regional lymph node metastasis

TNM Staging Prostate Cancer: Distant Metastasis



Mx: Distant metastasis has not been assessed

M0: No distant metastasis

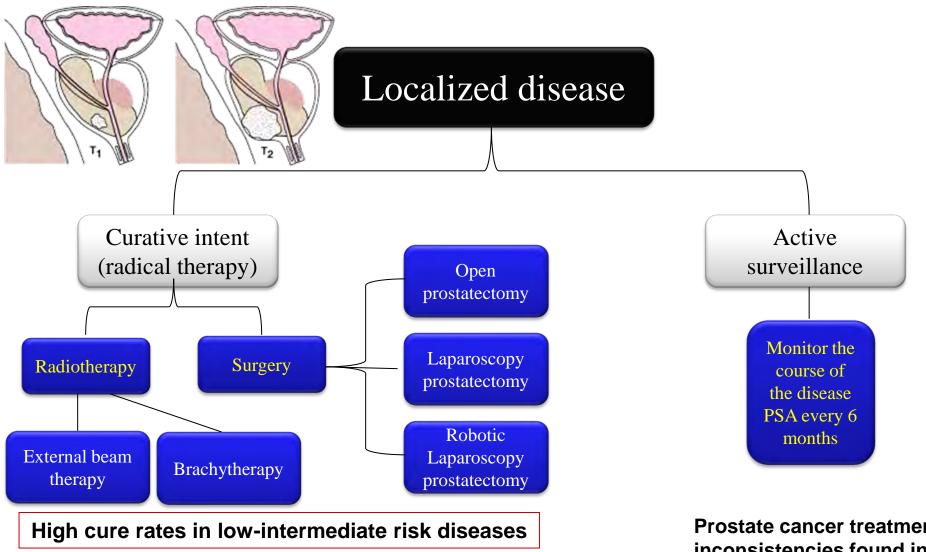
M1: Distant metastasis

M1a: Non-regional lymph nodes

M1b: Bone

M1c: Other sites

Primary Treatment Options



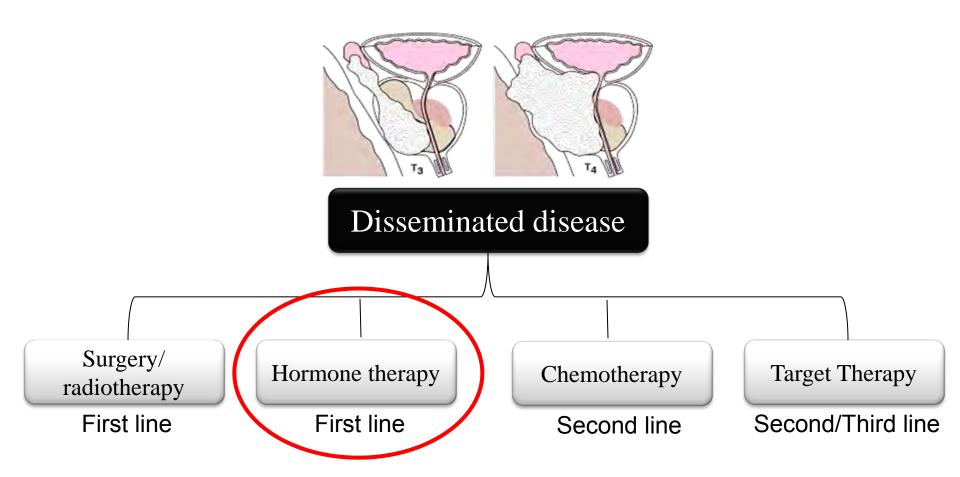
~ 50% impotence rates 10% urgency incontinence ~ 50% impotence rates

5 - 10% stress incontinence

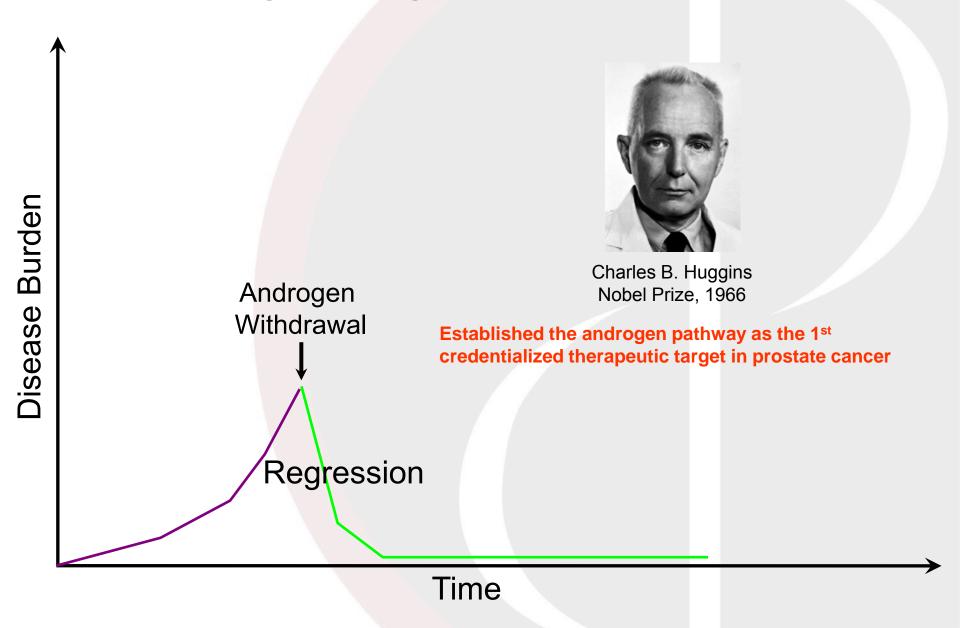
Prostate cancer treatment inconsistencies found in Canada

CBC News Nov 02, 2015

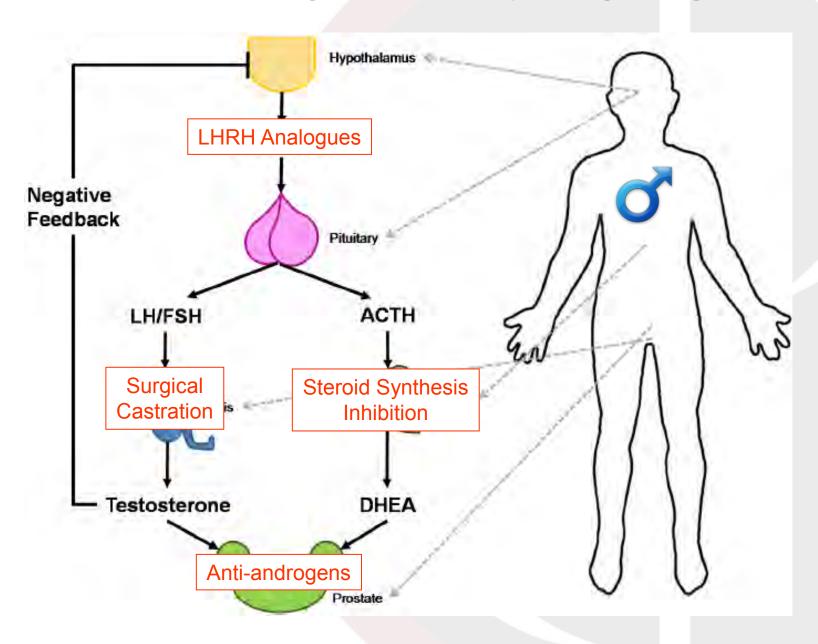
Primary Treatment Options



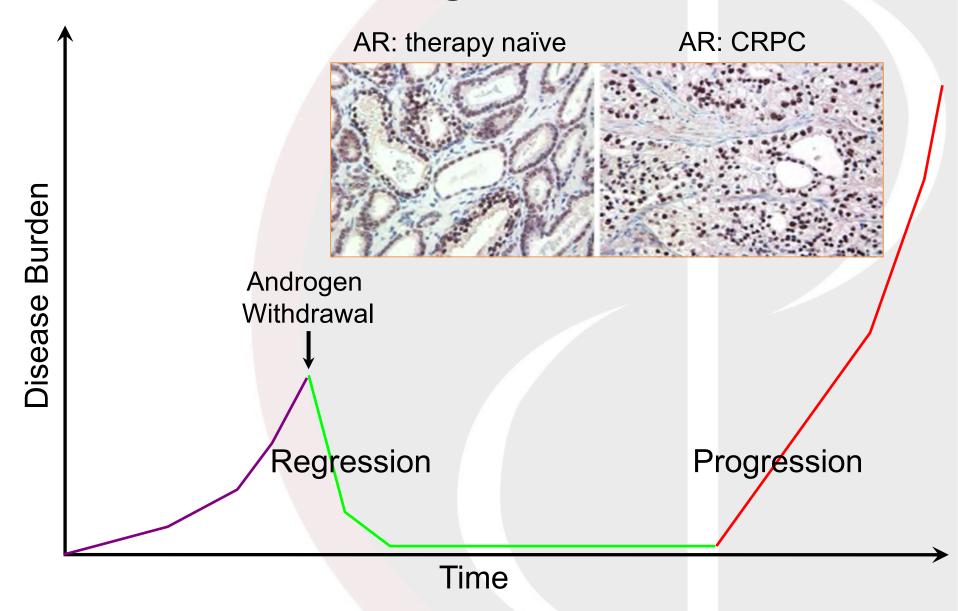
Androgens Regulate Prostate Cancer



Androgen Pathway Targeting

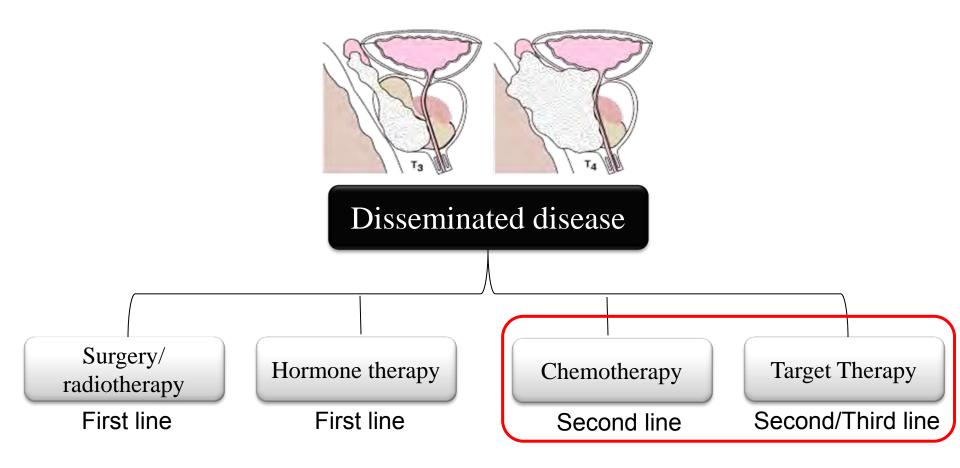


Castration-resistant Progression of Prostate Cancer

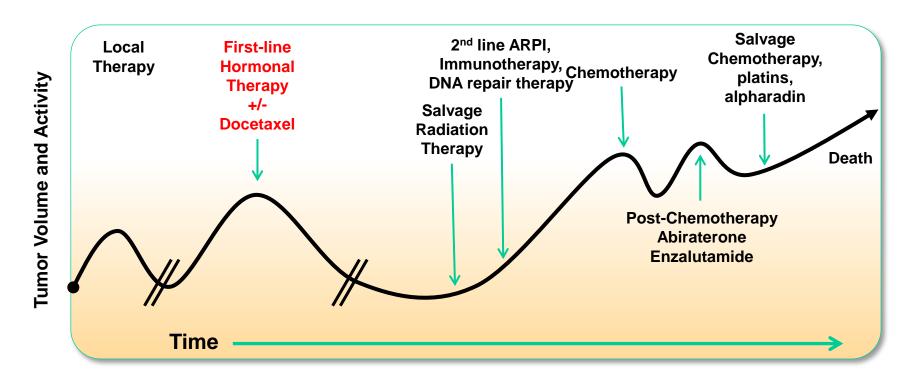


AR retention is a characteristic of prostate cancers, and it continues to play a pivotal role in maintaining the castration-resistant phenotype.

Secondary Treatment Options



Prostate Cancer: Targeting Clinical States

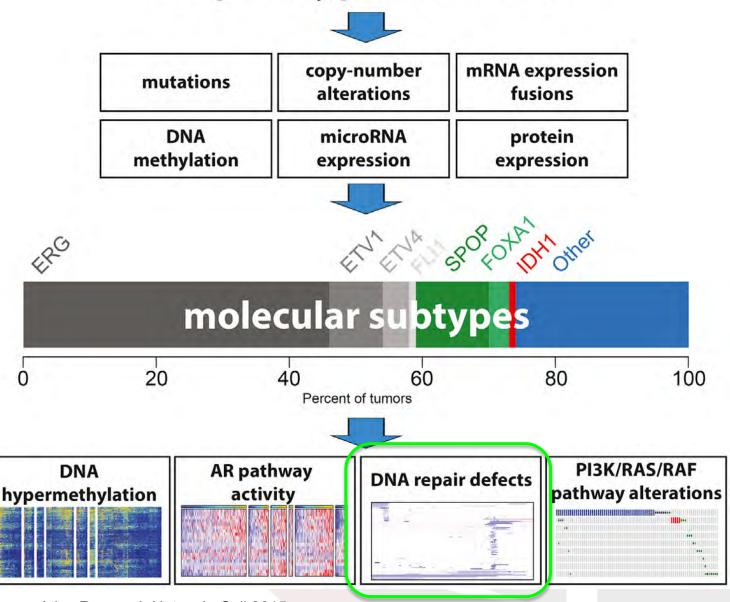


Current Therapies for Advanced Prostate Cancer:

Enzalutamide (Xtandi), Apalutamide (Erleada), Nilutamide (Nilandron/Anandrone) anti-androgens Abiratarone (Zytida), a CYP 17 inhibitor with anti-androgen activity

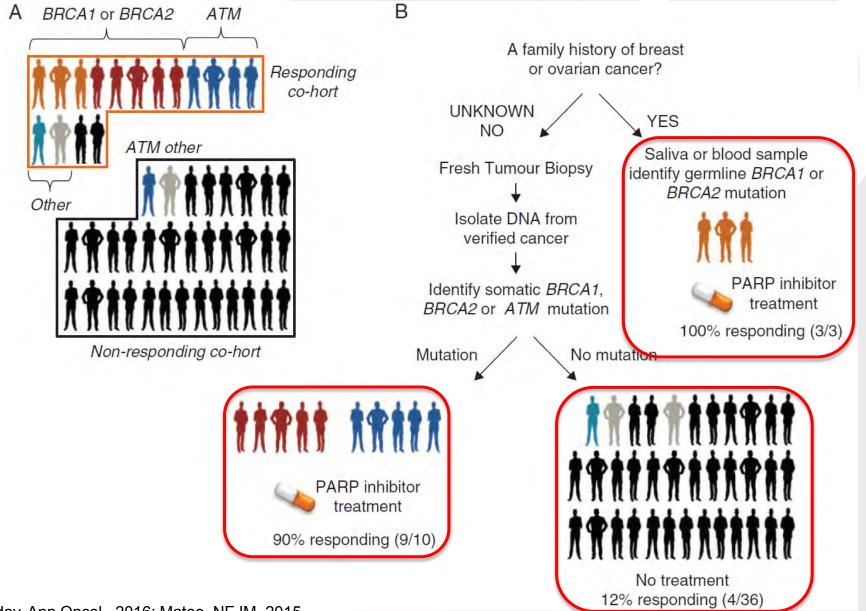
Alpharadin (Xofigo), Radium 223
Sipuleucel-T (Provenge), immunotherapy
Cabazitaxel (Jevtana), a second line taxane for MDR PCa
Olaparib (Lynparza), Rucaparib (Rubraca), PARP inhibitors

Molecular Taxonomy of Primary PCa 333 primary prostate cancers



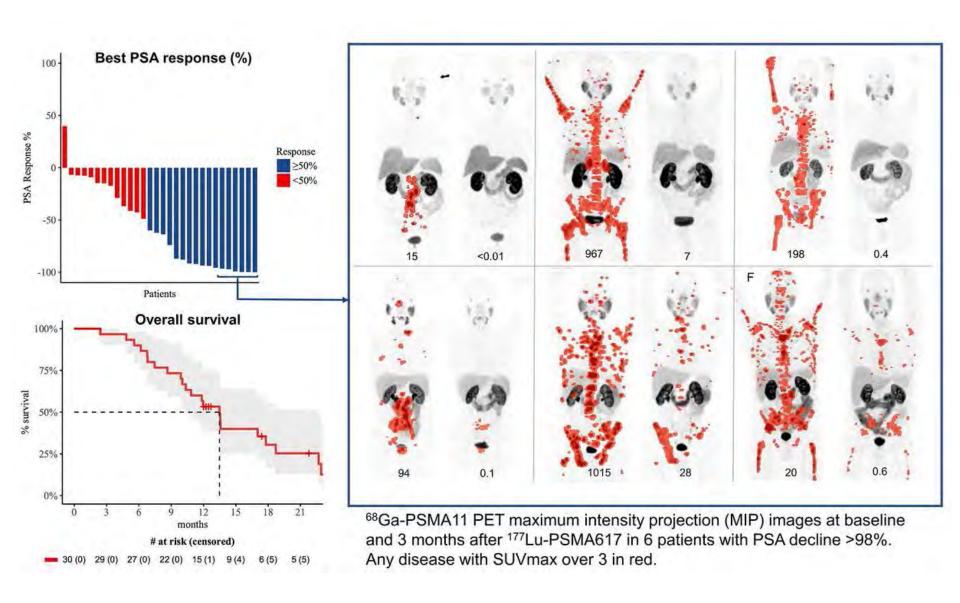
Olaparib

FDA Breakthrough Therapy Designation for CRPC

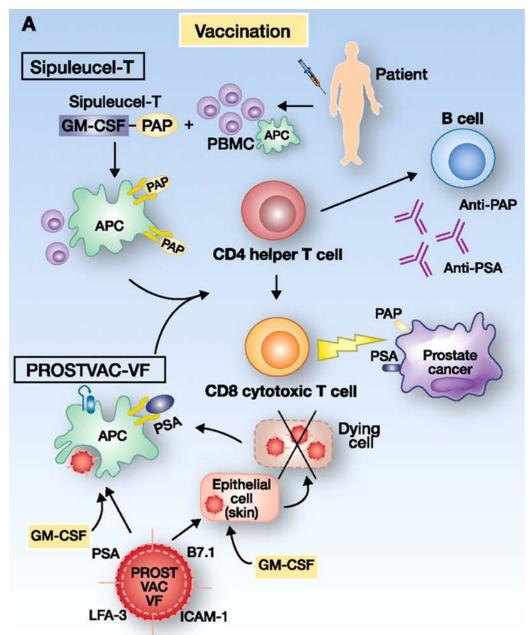


Helleday, Ann Oncol., 2016; Mateo, NEJM, 2015

PSMA-targeted "Theranostics"

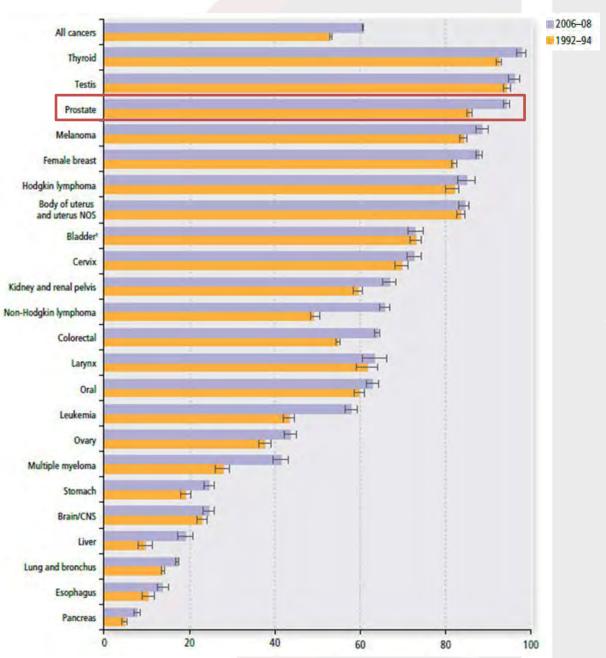


Prostate Cancer Immunotherapy



May et al., Clin. Cancer Res. 2012; De Bono et al., J. Clin. Oncol. 2018; Tasuku Honjo and James Allison, Nobel Prize Medicine 2018.

5 Year Net Cancer Survival



Prostate Health and the Aging Man

RECOGNIZE the Common Underlying Risk Factors:

- Smoking
- Diet
- Exercise
- Obesity
- Illicit Drugs
- Occupational
- High BP
- Lipids
- Diabetes







Campaigns and Resources





Don't Change Much

Don't Change Much is a health resource inspiring men and their families to lead healthier lives. With reliable information and easy tips, we know every guy and their family can make small changes that will have a big impact on their health.





YouCheck is a world first helpful health tool for men – a health awareness tool built specifically for men. Take your first step in making small changes that lead to big time benefits over the long haul. It's free and 100% confidential.



Canadian Men's Health Week

Join Canadians from coast to coast to coast in the goal of improving men's and family health in Canada.

Canadians believe they're a pretty healthy nation. But weirdly, Canadian guys aren't that healthy. It's not because of genetics; it's a result of lifestyle.

CELEBRATE

VISIT DONTCHANGEMUCH







Prostate Cancer

























PCC Spotlight

Dream car draw a win for all Ontarians affected by prostate cancer

February 22, 2019 - TORONTO, ON - A dream came true today for Harold Mutter (ticket #19273), the lucky winner of a 2018 Acura NSX valued at more than \$235,000 the prize for Prostate Cancer Canada's seventh Rock the Road Raffle. More →

Researchers discover common markers of tumour hypoxia across 19 cancer

Landmark pan-cancer study analyzes mutation signatures of low oxygen in more than 8,000 tumours More →

Rock the Road Raffle returns with its most valuable car to date

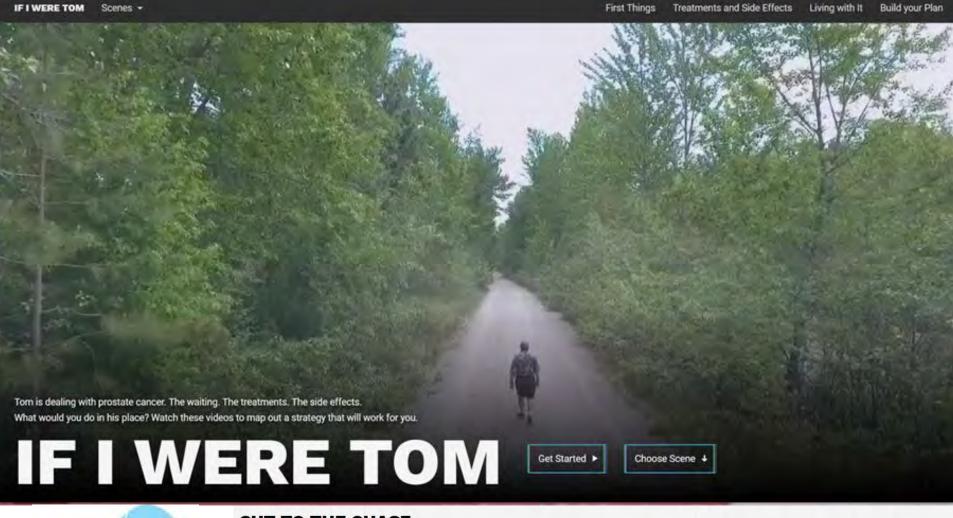
A 2018 Acura NSX to be prized by Prostate Cancer Canada and TADA at the AutoShow More →

→ Click here for news archive

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CUT TO THE CHASE



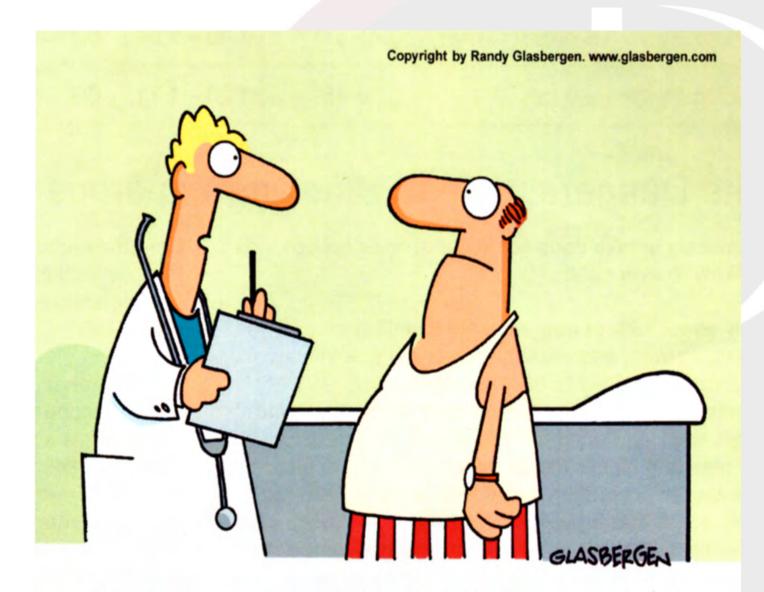
FIRST THINGS TO KNOW



TREATMENTS AND SIDE EFFECTS



LIVING WITH PROSTATE CANCER



"What fits your busy schedule better, exercising one hour a day or being dead 24 hours a day?"

Exercise and PCa

Harvard Health Professionals Study (JAMA 2011)

- Men over age 65 who exercised vigorously (more than 3 hours per week) had a 35% decrease in death rate from all causes and a 70% decrease in risk of developing high grade, advanced or fatal PCa
- No associations were shown in younger men ??

Exercise and PCa

Durham VA Study (Banez et al, Cancer, 2013)

n = 307 (164 white; 143 black)

- white men in their 60's who were moderately or highly active were 53% less likely to develop PCa
- no similar link seen in the black men ???

Physical Activity: Give me 30 minutes/day and I will give you...

Physical health

- Mental Health
- Premature death= 30-50%

-Depression

- Heart disease= 40-50%
- Stroke= 30-50%
- Type II diabetes= 30-40%
- Breast cancer= 20-30%
- Colon cancer...= 30-50%
- Osteoporosis= 40-50%
-(Manson J, Amend P. The 30-minute fitness solution, 2002.)

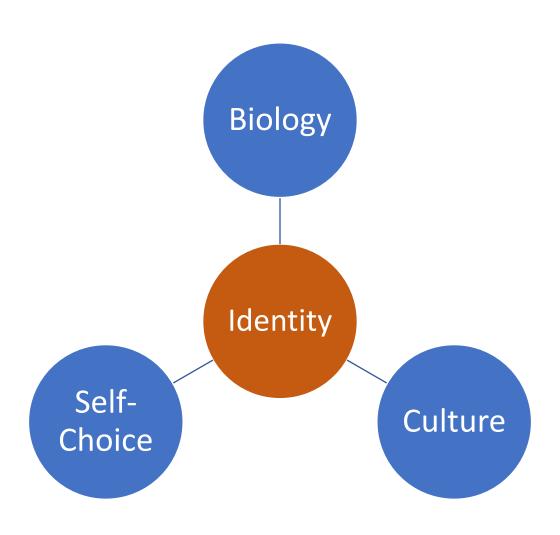
Critical issues in men's mental health

Dan Bilsker PhD

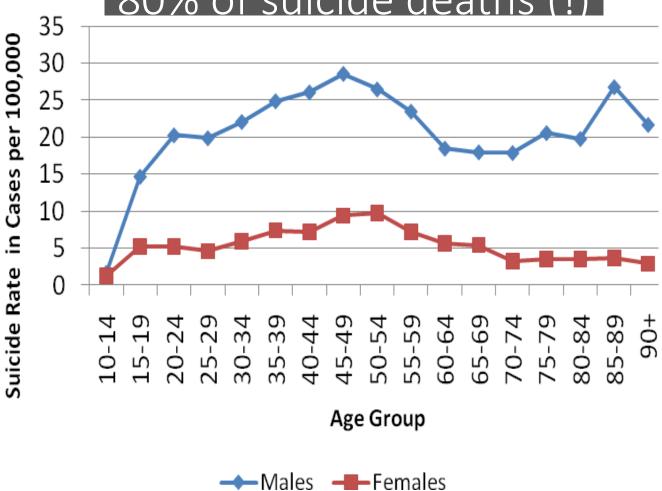
Clinical Assistant Prof.

Dept. of Psychiatry, UBC

Sources of Male Identity

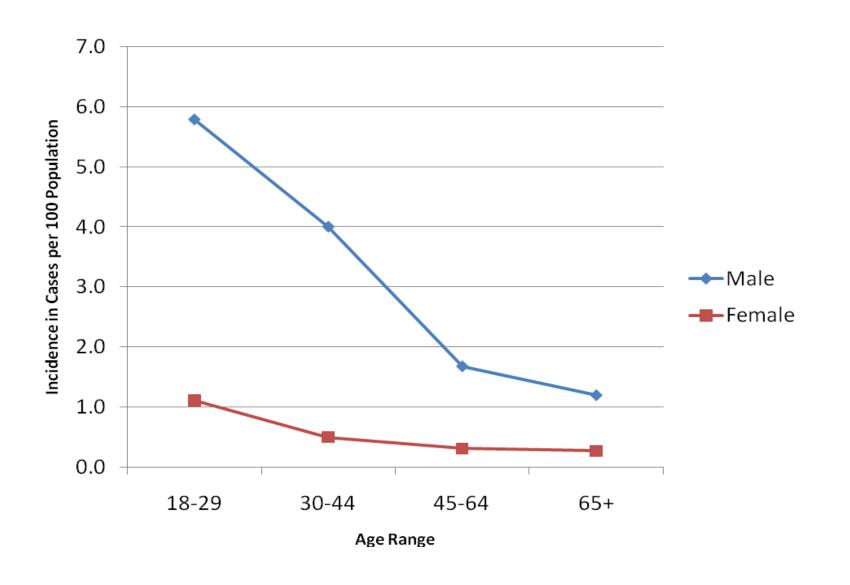


High incidence of male suicide 80% of suicide deaths (!)



Perplexing nature of male depression

Alcohol use disorder (80% men!)



Underutilization of psychological treatment

Men's coping with psychological suffering

Drink

Deny

Isolate

Get Angry

Clinical Responses

Reflect on your own assumptions

Don't confuse affect with suffering

Refer to maleappropriate therapy

Monitor alcohol use

Population-Level Responses

Resist stigmatizing men

Provide targeted services

Fund Research

Enhance men's coping

Men's Resilient Coping				
Balance	Self- Acceptanc e* REVERSE SCORED	Meaningf ul Work	Trusted Social Support	Physical Self-Care
 I make time for my personal and family life, even when the job is very demanding 	 I'm disapproving and judgmental about my own flaws and inadequacies 	 The work that I do fits well with my personal values and beliefs 	• I have friends at work I can rely on to support me when I need it.	• I am careful to maintain a good level of physical fitness

Self-care tools

Tool	Search for
Antidepressant Skills Workbook	Same
Managing Anger (in Positive Coping with Health Conditions)	managing anger pchc
Rethinking Drinking	Same